**Hertsmere Borough Council**

**Anti-fraud and Corruption**

**Strategy**

**2024**

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**Policy Statement on Fraud and Corruption**



This policy outlines Hertsmere Borough Council (the Council) attitude to fraud and corruption and the approach to be taken when faced with such matters. The Council is committed to the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption, whether from within or outside the organisation and the aims of this document are to:

* + - * To be clear that the Council will not tolerate fraudulent or corrupt acts and will take firm action against those who defraud the authority, who are corrupt or engage in financial malpractice.
* Provide a consistent framework for managers and Members, which enables effective deterrence, prevention, detection and investigation of fraud and corruption.
* Detail the responsibilities of employees, management and Members with regard to fraud and corruption.
* Assist the **Head of Finance and Business Services** in fulfilment of their role as the Council’s S151 Officer and the **Head of Legal and Democratic Service** in fulfilment of the role as the Council’s Monitoring Officer.
* Explain the role of Council officers in relation to the prevention of fraud and actively promoting a culture of openness and honesty

The Council’s employees and elected members have a key role in maintaining an anti-fraud culture. The Council has implemented effective whistleblowing arrangements and employees and Members are encouraged to raise any serious concerns about the Council’s work, including any reasonable belief that fraud or corruption is occurring.

The desired culture is also reinforced through the Council’s people & management policies, procedures and practices, where values of openness and honesty are highlighted.

The Council aims to learn from any incidences of fraud or corruption and where there have been breakdowns in systems, procedures or governance arrangements, these will be reviewed and controls put in place to prevent a reoccurrence.

This policy statement is underpinned by an Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy, which sets out the key responsibilities with regard to fraud prevention, what to do if fraud is suspected and the action that will be taken by management.

The strategy is based upon four key themes: **Govern**, **Acknowledge, Prevent and Pursue**, **and the overarching aim of Protect,** and adheres to the *Fighting Fraud and Corruption Locally- A Strategy for the 2020s* published by CIPFA in March 2020.

**Appendix 4** to this report sets out how these themes are addressed by the Council.

**Definitions of Commonly Used Terms**

**Fraud**

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) defines fraud as:

“Any intentional false representation, including failure to declare information or abuse of position that is carried out to make gain, cause loss or expose another to the risk of loss”

As a crime ‘Fraud’ is defined by the Fraud Act 2006 as:

* Fraud by false representation
* Fraud by failing to disclose
* Fraud by abuse of position

In addition, the Fraud Act deals with offences relating to the possession of articles for use in fraud, making or supplying articles for use in frauds, participation by a sole trader in fraudulent business, and obtaining services dishonestly, either personally or for another.

**Bribery**

The Bribery Act 2010 came into force in the UK on 1 July 2011. It amends and reforms UK criminal law, and provides a modern legal framework to combat bribery in the UK and internationally. Staff need to be aware of their obligations under this Act, which sets out offences of accepting and giving bribes. This applies to both staff and the Council corporately. These responsibilities are set out within the Council’s Anti-Bribery Policy available hers:

The Bribery Act creates the following offences:

* Active bribery: promising or giving a financial or other advantage;
* Passive bribery: agreeing to receive or accepting a financial or other advantage;
* Bribery of foreign public officials; and
* The failure of commercial organisations to prevent bribery by an associated person (corporate offence).

The penalty under the Bribery Act is an unlimited fine and/or imprisonment up to a maximum of 10 years.

**Corruption**

Corruption is the deliberate misuse of your position for direct or indirect personal gain. “Corruption” includes offering, giving, requesting or accepting a bribe or reward, which influences your actions or the actions of someone else. The Bribery Act 2010 makes it possible for Senior Officers to be convicted where they are deemed to have given their consent or tacit approval in giving or receiving a bribe.

The Act also creates the Corporate Offence of “Failing to prevent bribery on behalf of a commercial organisation” (corporate liability). To protect itself against the corporate offence, the Act also requires organisations to have “adequate procedures in place to prevent bribery”. This strategy, and the Councils Codes of Conduct (Members and Employees) and the Council’s Confidential Reporting Procedure (Whistleblowing) are designed to meet that requirement.

**Money Laundering**

Money Laundering is the process by which criminals attempt to ‘recycle’ the proceeds of their criminal activities in order to conceal its origin and ownership whilst retaining use of the funds.

The burden of identifying and reporting acts of money laundering rests within the Council. Any service that receives money from an external person or body is potentially vulnerable to a money laundering operation. The need for vigilance is vital and any suspicion concerning the appropriateness of a transaction should be reported and advice sought from the Money Laundering Reporting Officer. High risk areas include the processing of cash, and the administration of refunds from customer accounts. The Council recognises its responsibilities under the Money Laundering Regulations 2017 and the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002. These responsibilities are set out within the Council’s Anti-Money Laundering Policy, available here:

**Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy**

The Council will fulfil its responsibility to reduce fraud and protect our resources with a strategic approach consistent with that outlined in the Fighting Fraud and Corruption Locally Strategy 2020 and CIPFA’s Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption.

The Council will not tolerate any form of fraud and corruption, both from within the council and from external sources. We recognise fraud can:

* Undermine the standards of public service that the council is attempting to achieve;
* Reduce the level of resources and service delivery for the residents of Hertfordshire; and
* Reduce public confidence in the Council.

This strategy applies to:

* All Council employees (including volunteers and agency staff) and Councilors;
* Staff and Committee Members of council funded voluntary organisations;
* Council’s partners;
* Council suppliers, contractors and consultants; and
* All Council service users and our local residents.

The strategy aims to:

* Ensure that the resources dedicated to counter fraud are sufficient, and those involved are trained to deliver a professional counter fraud service to the highest standards.
* **Protect** the Council’s valuable resources by ensuring they are not lost through fraud but, are used for improved services to our residents and local tax payers;
* Enhance **governance** from the top, providing recommendations to inform policy, as well as creating and promoting an ‘anti-fraud’ culture which highlights the council’s approach of fraud and corruption;
* Provide a counter fraud provision which:
* Increases the **acknowledgement** of fraud through the delivery of;
  + Comprehensive fraud training and awareness
  + Fraud risk assessment
  + Fraud alerts
* **Prevents** the exposure to fraud, bribery and corruption by making recommendations to strengthen controls which aim to deter, prevent and detect incidents.
* **Pursues** incidents of detected and reported fraud through investigations which enables the council to apply appropriate lf and recover all losses through court action or by invoicing an individual.
* Create an environment that enables the reporting of any genuine suspicions of fraudulent activity. However, we will not tolerate malicious or vexatious allegations or those motivated by personal gain and, if proven, we may take disciplinary or legal action; and

Work with our partners and other investigative bodies to strengthen and continuously improve our arrangements to prevent fraud and corruption.

**Appendix 2** to this report sets out the Fraud Response Plan for the Council.

**Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption**

As with any risk faced by the council, it is the responsibility of all managers and officers to ensure that any fraud risk is adequately considered when preparing risk assessments in support of achieving strategic priorities, business plans, project and program objectives and outcomes. Fraud risks should be identified and an assessment made to consider the risk of the fraud occurring, and the impact the fraud may have. Evaluation of the current controls and mitigation measures identifies weaknesses and limitations, and where reasonable to do so, appropriate action should be taken to mitigate those risks further. Fraud risk assessment is a continuous cycle which should be completed on an ongoing basis.

Any changes in operations or the business environment must also be assessed to ensure any impacts, which might increase or otherwise change the risk of fraud, bribery and corruption, are properly taken into account.

Good corporate governance procedures are a strong safeguard against fraud and corruption. Adequate supervision, recruitment and selection, scrutiny and healthy skepticism must not be seen as distrust but simply as good management practice shaping attitudes and creating an environment opposed to fraudulent activity.

Whilst all stakeholders in scope have a part to play in reducing the risk of fraud, Elected Members, Directors and Management are ideally positioned to influence the ethical tone of the organisation and play a crucial role in fostering a culture of high ethical standards and integrity.

**Further Information**

Further information on relevant council policies can be found in the following documents:

* The Constitution, including Financial Regulations, Members Code of Conduct and Contract Standing Orders;
* Confidential Reporting Procedure (Whistleblowing);
* Risk Management;
* Information Security Policy;
* Employees Code of Conduct;
* Fraud Prosecution and Sanction Policies;
* Anti-Money Laundering Policy
* Anti-Bribery Policy
* CIPFA Code of Practice on Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption 2014
* Fighting Fraud and Corruption Locally a Strategy for the 2020s
* Tackling Fraud in the Public Sector – a local government perspective (CIPFA 2020)
* Government Counter Fraud Professional Standards and Guidance – (Public Sector Fraud Authority 2022-2023)

New Approaches in Tackling Tenancy Fraud (Chartered Institute of Housing)

**Strategy Review**

The **Head of Finance and Business Services (S151 Officer)** will ensure the continuous review and amendment of this strategy to ensure that it remains consistent with good practice, national public sector Codes of Practice and meets the needs of the council.

Review date: Frequency as required by legislative changes, when advised by CIPFA or similar professional bodes but, at least once every three years.

**Finding out more about Fraud**

You can find out more about the Councils response to the threat of fraud, corruption and bribery on the Councils website <https://www.hertsmere.gov.uk/Your-Council/Our-rules--regulations/Governance.aspx>

The Council is a partner of the Hertfordshire Shared Anti-Fraud Service (SAFS) and this service provides information about fraud and its impact on local government [Shared Anti-Fraud Service | Hertfordshire County Council](https://www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/services/business/consumer-advice/safs.aspx#:~:text=The%20Shared%20Anti-Fraud%20Service%20%28SAFS%29%201%20Blue%20Badge,against%20the%20Council.%20...%209%20Welfare%20fraud.%20). SAFS also provides the Councils anti-fraud function and have access to data and information held by the Council to conduct its investigations working with relevant Council officers.

For staff who suspect fraud you should speak to your line manager, head of service orHead of Finance and Business Services or you can contact the Shared Anti-Fraud Service directly at**:**

Telephone**: 0300 123 4033**

Email: [**Fraud.team@hertfordshire.gov.uk**](mailto:Fraud.team@hertfordshire.gov.uk) (this is a secure email for all HBC staff)

Webpage: [**www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/fraud**](http://www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/fraud) and select the [**REPORT FRAUD**](https://reportafraud.co.uk/safs) button.

Appendix 1 **– Types of Fraud**

Local authorities have reported a wide range of fraud risks. The main areas of fraud that were reported in Fighting Fraud & Corruption Locally 2020 continue to feature as significant risks. However, there are also new fraud types emerging. Some examples of fraud risk relevant to the Council are:

**Blue Badge** – Use of counterfeit/altered badges, use when disabled person is not in the vehicle, use of a deceased person’s Blue Badge, or badges issued to institutions being misused by employees.

**Grants** –Work not carried out, funds diverted, ineligibility not declared.

**Identity fraud** – False identity / fictitious persons applying for services / payments.

**Internal fraud** – Diverting council monies to a personal account; accepting bribes; stealing cash; misallocating social housing for personal gain; working elsewhere while claiming to be off sick; false overtime claims; selling council property for personal gain;

**Payroll** – False employees, overtime claims, expenses.

**Council Tax** –False claims for discounts or exemptions to reduce liability.

**Housing Benefit** –False claims regarding income, capital, rent liability or family makeup to increase entitlement to benefit.

**Business Rates** –Deliberate withholding of information or relevant facts to evade or reduce liability.

**Housing/ Tenancy Fraud** –providing false information to obtain social housing, sub-letting or parting with occupation, false succession applications and Right to Buy supported by money laundering.

**Procurement** – Tendering issues, split contracts, bribery, double invoicing or failure to deliver.

**Commissioning of services, including joint commissioning, and third sector partnerships** – conflicts of interest, collusion.

**Concessionary travel schemes** –Use of concession by ineligible person, including Freedom Passes.

**Cyber dependent crime and cyber enabled fraud** –Enables a range of fraud types resulting in diversion of funds, creation of false applications for services and payments.

**Disabled Facility Grants** –Fraudulent applications for adaptions to homes.

**Immigration, including sham marriages** –False entitlement to services and payments.

**Insurance Fraud** –False claims including slips and trips and claims for damages**.**

**Local Enterprise Partnerships** –Voluntary partnerships between local authorities and businesses. Procurement fraud, grant fraud.

**New Responsibilities** –Areas that have transferred to local authority responsibility e.g. welfare assistance, humanitarian/crisis relief, Public Health grants, contracts.

**Money laundering** –Exposure to suspect transactions**.**

**Licensing** –false ID or rights to reside, impersonation to facilitate false applications.

Appendix 2**. Fraud Response Plan**

Immediately that fraud is discovered or suspected, the matter should be reported to a line manager, head of service or the Shared Anti-Fraud Service (SAFS), who will decide what further action is appropriate.

SAFS provides the Councils anti-fraud function and have access to data and information held by the Council to conduct its investigations working with relevant Council officers.

Contact details for SAFS can be found below:

Telephone**: 0300 123 4033**

Email: [**Fraud.team@hertfordshire.gov.uk**](mailto:Fraud.team@hertfordshire.gov.uk) (this is a secure email for all SBC staff)

Webpage: [**www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/fraud**](http://www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/fraud) and select the [**REPORT FRAUD**](https://reportafraud.co.uk/saf) **button.**

**Aims and Objectives**

The aims and objectives of the Fraud Response Plan is to Protect the council from Fraud and Corruption. This is achieved by:

* Enhanced governance from the top, which creates a positive anti-fraud culture.
* Acknowledge the threat of fraud through emerging and current risk alerts, fraud risk assessment, and comprehensive fraud training.
* Prevent occurrences of fraud through strong controls and mitigation measures.
* Prevent further losses of funds or other assets where fraud has occurred;
* Minimise the risk of inappropriate action or disclosure taking place which would compromise an investigation;
* Ensure there is a clear understanding over who will lead any investigation and to ensure managers, HR, Internal Audit are involved as appropriate;
* Establish and secure evidence necessary and ensure containment of any information for disciplinary, civil and/or criminal action;
* Maximise recovery of losses;
* Ensure appropriate and timely action is taken against those who are suspected of fraud;
* Identify the perpetrators and take appropriate action with any disciplinary, civil and/or criminal action; and
* Minimise any adverse publicity for the Council

**Notifying Suspected Fraud**

The Council relies on its employees, its agents and the public to help prevent and detect fraud and corruption. Often employees are the first to realise there is something seriously wrong internally, as they are in positions to be able to spot any possible cases of fraud or corruption at an early stage.

Council employees and Members must report any concerns they may have regarding fraud, bribery and corruption, whether it relates to dishonest behaviours by council employees, Members or by others.

The council proactively seeks to identify fraud through its participation in regular national and local data matching exercises.

The action taken when a suspected case of fraud, bribery, or corruption is first found might be vital to the success of any investigation that follows, so it is important that employees’ actions are in line with the information given in this document. Members, service users, suppliers, partner organisations and members of the public are encouraged to report concerns about fraud and corruption.

Whilst you can remain anonymous, it does help if your details are provided as concerns expressed anonymously are often much more difficult to investigate. For example, we may need to contact you to obtain further information or verify the information supplied.

**Investigation Process**

Any suspicion of fraud will be treated seriously and will be reviewed in accordance with legislation, local policy and processes.

Suspected fraud will be investigated in an independent, open-minded and professional manner with the aim of protecting the interests of both the Council and the suspected individual(s).

Where necessary the Council will work in co-operation with other organisations such as the Police, Department for Work and Pensions, Home Office, Her Majesty’s Revenue and Customs, UK Borders Agency, NHS Counter Fraud Authority and other Local Authorities.

Investigations into suspected fraud or corruption will be conducted in a professional manner in accordance with the relevant statutory provisions and local protocols to ensure any actions are carried out both fairly and lawfully.

If sufficient evidence is established, the case will be reviewed to decide on the appropriate course of action to be taken. The Council’s fraud sanction policies provide further guidance of what appropriate action will be taken against the persons concerned.

**Confidentiality**

Details of any investigation are strictly confidential and will not be discussed with anyone other than the relevant management representatives.

If the media becomes aware of an investigation and attempts to contact employees or Members, no disclosure of the alleged fraud and investigation can be given. All matters relating to statements to the media will be dealt with through the Council’s communications team.

**Summary**

This Fraud Response Plan, in conjunction with the Counter Fraud and Corruption Strategy, provides a framework for preventing and investigating fraud, corruption and bribery against the Council. It is imperative that awareness of this plan is promoted both across the Council and externally.

Appendix 3. **How the Council Governs, Acknowledges, Prevents, Pursues, and Protects against Fraud**

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| **Governs** | Executive Support | Our Senior Management Team will set the tone for a zero tolerance of fraud and corruption and will ensure that an anti-fraud culture is embedded across the Council and the services it delivers. |
| Robust Arrangements | The Council will adopt and apply appropriate policies and procedures that seek to reduce the risk of fraud and corruption and encourage staff to report fraud where they see it.  We will ensure there are sufficient resources in place to investigate fraud where it occurs. |

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| **Acknowledge** | Committing Support | The council’s commitment to tackling the threat of fraud is clear.  We have strong whistleblowing and fraud reporting procedures and support those who come forward to report suspected fraud. All reports will be treated seriously and acted upon.  We will not, however, tolerate malicious or vexatious allegations.  Staff will receive comprehensive fraud and corruption training which will create a positive anti-fraud culture, and raise awareness which equips staff to better prevent and detect incidence of fraud. |
| Assessing Risks | We will continuously assess those areas most vulnerable to the risk of fraud as part of our risk management arrangements. These risk assessments will inform our internal controls and counter fraud priorities. |
| Robust Response | We will strengthen measures to prevent fraud.  We will respond positively, taking appropriate action, where fraud is reported or suspected.  We will review all incidences of fraud to ensure that any weaknesses in systems or processes that allowed the fraud to occur has been removed. |

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| **Prevent** | Better use of information technology | We will make greater use of data and analytical software to prevent and detect fraudulent activity.  We will look for opportunities to share data and fraud intelligence to increase our capability to uncover potential and actual fraud. |
| Anti-Fraud culture | We will promote and develop a strong counter fraud culture, raise awareness, provide information on all aspects of our counter fraud work. This will include publicising the results of all proactive work, fraud investigations and any recovery of losses due to fraud. |

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| **Pursue** | Fraud Recovery | A crucial element of our response to tackling fraud is recovering any monies lost through fraud. This is an important part of our strategy and will be rigorously pursued, where possible. |
| Punishing Fraudsters | We will apply realistic and effective sanctions for individuals or organisations where an investigation reveals fraudulent activity. This may include legal action, criminal and/or disciplinary action, where appropriate. |
| Enforcement | Appropriately trained investigators will investigate any fraud detected through the planned proactive work; cases of suspected fraud referred from internal or external stakeholders, or received via the confidential reporting procedure (whistleblowing).  We will work with relevant internal and external partners/external agencies/organisations. |

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| **Protect** | Executive Support | SAFS will produce reports and data to fraud champions, relevant service leads, and Audit Committee detailing counter fraud activity, and emerging and current fraud risks. |
| Better use of information technology | We have measures in place to protect the council against cybercrime, malware, and fraudulent attacks aimed at the IT infrastructure. |
| Robust Arrangements | SAFS will work with external organisations to develop national strategies which will support fraud prevention in local government. |

Appendix 4. **Responsibilities**

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| **Stakeholder** | **Specific Responsibilities** |
| Chief Executive | Accountable for the effectiveness of the council’s arrangements for preventing fraud and corruption. |
| Head of Legal and Democratic Services *Monitoring Officer* | Statutory responsibility to ensure that the council operates within the law. Overall responsibility for the Members Code of Conduct and the maintenance and operation of the Confidential Reporting Procedure for Employees (Whistleblowing). |
| Head of Finance and Business Services  *Section 151 Officer* | Ensure the council has adopted and implemented an appropriate Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy/Strategy and that the council has adequately resourced and effective “counter fraud” provision.  Contract Manager for Shared-Anti Fraud Service  To champion anti-fraud activities and training across the Council  Board Member of the Shared Anti-Fraud Service |
| Audit Committee | Monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of the arrangements in place for combating fraud and corruption. |
| Members | Comply with the Members Code of Conduct and related council policies and procedures, to be aware of the possibility of fraud, corruption, bribery and theft, and to report any genuine concerns accordingly. |
| External Audit | Statutory duty to ensure that the Council has adequate arrangements in place for the prevention and detection of fraud, corruption, bribery and theft. |
| Shared Internal Audit Service | Provide assurance to senior management and the Audit Committee that the Council adheres to its own policies to deter, prevent and respond to suspected fraud. |
| The Shared Anti-Fraud Service | Responsible for developing and promoting the requirements of the Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy and monitoring and/or undertaking the investigation of any reported issues. To ensure that all suspected or reported irregularities are dealt with promptly and in accordance with this strategy and that action is identified to improve controls and reduce the risk of recurrence.  Providing guidance and support to senior management on new and emerging fraud risks and management recommendations where fraud has arisen due to system weaknesses. |
| Directors, Service Heads, Service Managers | Promote an anti-fraud and corruption culture.  Ensure that there are mechanisms in place within their service areas to assess the risk of fraud, corruption, bribery and theft and to reduce these risks by implementing strong internal controls. To document procedures in areas that are of high risk of fraud activity. |
| Staff | Comply with council policies and procedures.  To be aware of the possibility of fraud, corruption and bribery. Report any genuine concerns to management or via the Whistleblowing procedure.  Undertake all mandatory, relevant or recommended anti-fraud and corruption training. |
| Public, Service Users, Partners, Suppliers, Contractors and Consultants | To report any genuine concerns / suspicions in accordance with the council’s reporting procedure |