

# Hertsmere

District



This profile was produced on 8 July 2014

## Health Profile 2014

#### Health in summary

The health of people in Hertsmere is generally better than the England average. Deprivation is lower than average, however about 14.0% (2,800) children live in poverty. Life expectancy for men is higher than the England average.

#### Living longer

Life expectancy is 7.7 years lower for men in the most deprived areas of Hertsmere than in the least deprived areas.

#### Child health

In Year 6, 15.4% (126) of children are classified as obese, better than the average for England. The rate of alcoholspecific hospital stays among those under 18 was 36.3\*. This represents 8 stays per year. Levels of teenage pregnancy, GCSE attainment, breastfeeding and smoking at time of delivery are better than the England average.

#### Adult health

In 2012, 20.2% of adults are classified as obese. The rate of alcohol related harm hospital stays was 512\*, better than the average for England. This represents 489 stays per year. The rate of self-harm hospital stays was 113.2\*, better than the average for England. This represents 114 stays per year. The rate of smoking related deaths was 259\*, better than the average for England. This represents 143 deaths per year. Rates of hip fractures and people killed and seriously injured on roads are worse than average. The rate of sexually transmitted infections is better than average. Rates of statutory homelessness, violent crime, long term unemployment, new cases of malignant melanoma and drug misuse are better than average.

#### Local priorities

Priorities in Hertsmere include promoting a healthy weight and physical activity; improving mental health and emotional wellbeing; creating a healthy culture across all services, communities and workplaces. For more information see Health and Wellbeing at www.hertsmere.gov.uk N Potters Bar Potters Bar Borehamwood Bushey 2 miles

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### Population: 101,000

Mid-2012 population estimate. Source: Office for National Statistics.

This profile gives a picture of people's health in Hertsmere. It is designed to help local government and health services understand their community's needs, so that they can work to improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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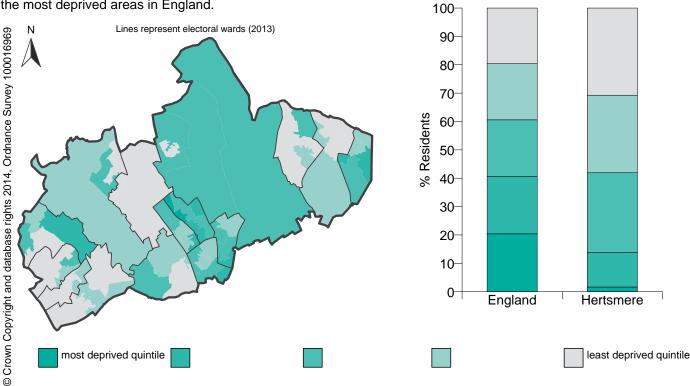
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\* rate per 100,000 population

## Deprivation: a national view

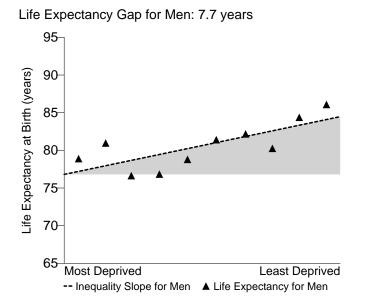
The map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (fifths) of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 by Lower Super Output Area. The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

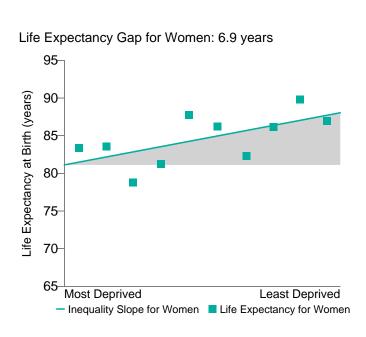
This chart shows the percentage of the population in England and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



### Life Expectancy: inequalities in this local authority

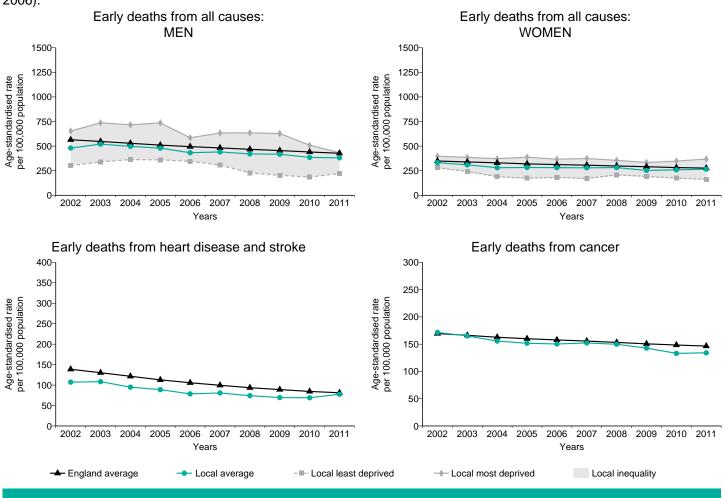
The charts below show life expectancy for men and women in this local authority for 2010-2012. Each chart is divided into deciles (tenths) by deprivation, from the most deprived decile on the left of the chart to the least deprived decile on the right. The steepness of the slope represents the inequality in life expectancy that is related to deprivation in this local area. If there were no inequality in life expectancy as a result of deprivation, the line would be horizontal.





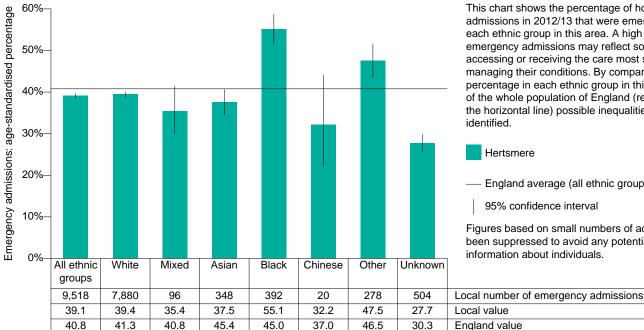
## Health inequalities: changes over time

These charts provide a comparison of the changes in early death rates (in people under 75) between this area and all of England. Early deaths from all causes also show the differences between the most and least deprived quintile in this area. (Data points are the midpoints of 3 year averages of annual rates, for example 2005 represents the period 2004 to 2006).



## Health inequalities: ethnicity

Percentage of hospital admissions that were emergencies, by ethnic group



This chart shows the percentage of hospital admissions in 2012/13 that were emergencies for each ethnic group in this area. A high percentage of emergency admissions may reflect some patients not accessing or receiving the care most suited to managing their conditions. By comparing the percentage in each ethnic group in this area with that of the whole population of England (represented by the horizontal line) possible inequalities can be

England average (all ethnic groups)

Figures based on small numbers of admissions have been suppressed to avoid any potential disclosure of information about individuals.

## Health Summary for Hertsmere

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the black line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

Ũ	ificantly worse than England average			England	Regional a	iverage^	England Average	Englan
Not si	significantly different from England average			Worst		25th	75th	Best
Signif	ificantly better than England average	Local No	Local	Eng	Eng	Percentile	Percentile	Eng
Domain	n Indicator	Per Year	value	value	worst		England Range	best
Our communities	1 Deprivation	1,642	1.6	20.4	83.8			0.0
	2 Children in poverty (under 16s)	2,790	14.0	20.6	43.6			6.4
	3 Statutory homelessness	69	1.7	2.4	33.2		$\bigcirc$	0.0
	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	825	63.9	60.8	38.1			81.9
	5 Violent crime (violence offences)	591	5.9	10.6	27.1			3.3
	6 Long term unemployment	331	5.2	9.9	32.6			1.3
Children's and young people's health	7 Smoking status at time of delivery	112	9.0	12.7	30.8			2.3
	8 Breastfeeding initiation	975	78.0	73.9	40.8			94.7
	9 Obese children (Year 6)	126	15.4	18.9	27.3			10.1
	10 Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18)	8	36.3	44.9	126.7			11.9
	11 Under 18 conceptions	31	15.7	27.7	52.0			8.8
Adults' health and lifestyle	12 Smoking prevalence	n/a	20.8	19.5	30.1			8.4
	13 Percentage of physically active adults	n/a	56.1	56.0	43.8			68.5
	14 Obese adults	n/a	20.2	23.0	35.2			11.2
	15 Excess weight in adults	152	61.2	63.8	75.9			45.9
Disease and poor health	16 Incidence of malignant melanoma	9	8.5	14.8	31.8			3.6
	17 Hospital stays for self-harm	114	113.2	188.0	596.0			50.4
	18 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	489	512	637	1,121			365
	19 Drug misuse	299	4.6	8.6	26.3			0.8
	20 Recorded diabetes	5,257	5.2	6.0	8.7			3.5
	21 Incidence of TB	4	13.0	15.1	112.3			0.0
	22 Acute sexually transmitted infections	586	584	804	3,210			162
	23 Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over	132	688	568	828			403
Life expectancy and causes of death	24 Excess winter deaths (three year)	58	21.5	16.5	32.1			-3.0
	25 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	n/a	80.7	79.2	74.0			82.9
	26 Life expectancy at birth (Female)	n/a	83.5	83.0	79.5			86.6
	27 Infant mortality	5	3.6	4.1	7.5			0.7
	28 Smoking related deaths	143	259	292	480			172
	29 Suicide rate	6	-	8.5				
	30 Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	59	77.6	81.1	144.7			37.4
	31 Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	105	134	146	213			106
	32 Killed and seriously injured on roads	50	49.8	40.5	116.3			11.3

#### Indicator Notes

1 % people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas in England, 2010 2 % children (under 16) in families receiving means-tested benefits & low income, 2011 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households, 2012/13 4 % key stage 4, 2012/13 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes, crude rate per 1,000 population, 2012/13 6 Crude rate per 1,000 population aged 16-64, 2013 7 % of women who smoke at time of delivery, 2012/13 8 % of all mothers who breastfeed their babies in the first 48hrs after delivery, 2012/13 9 % school children in Year 6 (age 10-11), 2012/13 10 Persons under 18 admitted to hospital due to alcohol-specific conditions, crude rate per 100,000 population, 2010/11 to 2012/13 (pooled) 11 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2012 12 % adults aged 18 and over, 2012 13 % adults cabieving at least 150 mins physical activity per week, 2012 14 % adults classified as obese, Active People Survey 2012 15 % adults classified as overweight or obese, Active People Survey 2012 16 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2012/13 18 The number of admissions involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause, directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2012/13 19 Estimated users of opiate and/or crack cocaine aged 15-64, crude rate per 1,000 population, 2010/11 20 % people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2012/13 21 Crude rate per 100,000 population, 2010-2012 22 Crude rate per 1,000 population, 2012/13 24 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.09-31.07.12 25 At birth, 2010-2012 26 At birth, 2010-2012 31 Directly age standardised rate per 1,000 population aged 35 and over, 2010-2012 29 Directly age standardised montality rate from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population, 2010-2012 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2010-2012 32 Rate per 100,000 population, 2010-201

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#### 4 www.healthprofiles.info